



# Am27X128

## 128 Kilobit (16 K x 8-Bit) CMOS ExpressROM Device

### DISTINCTIVE CHARACTERISTICS

- **As an OTP EPROM alternative:**
  - Factory optimized programming
  - Fully tested and guaranteed
- **As a Mask ROM alternative:**
  - Shorter leadtime
  - Lower volume per code
- **Fast access time**
  - 55 ns
- **Single +5 V power supply**
- **Compatible with JEDEC-approved EPROM pinout**
- **±10% power supply tolerance**
- **High noise immunity**
- **Low power dissipation**
  - 100  $\mu$ A maximum CMOS standby current
- **Available in Plastic Dual-In-line Package (PDIP) and Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)**
- **Latch-up protected to 100 mA from  $-1$  V to  $V_{CC} + 1$  V**
- **Versatile features for simple interfacing**
  - Both CMOS and TTL input/output compatibility
  - Two line control functions

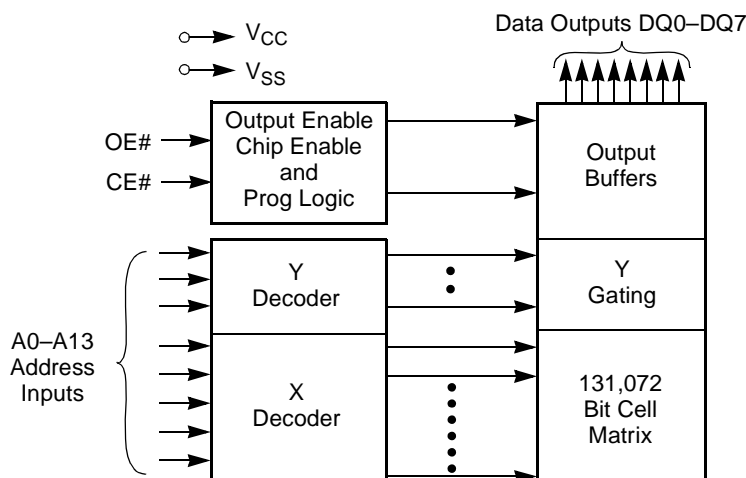
### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Am27X128 is a factory programmed and tested OTP EPROM. It is programmed after packaging prior to final test. Every device is rigorously tested under AC and DC operating conditions to your stable code. It is organized as 16 Kwords by 8 bits per word and is available in plastic dual in-line packages (PDIP), as well as plastic leaded chip carrier (PLCC) packages. ExpressROM devices provide a board-ready memory solution for medium to high volume codes with short leadtimes. This offers manufacturers a cost-effective and flexible alternative to OTP EPROMs and mask programmed ROMs.

Data can be accessed as fast as 55 ns, allowing high-performance microprocessors to operate with reduced WAIT states. The device offers separate Output Enable (OE#) and Chip Enable (CE#) controls, thus eliminating bus contention in a multiple bus microprocessor system.

AMD's CMOS process technology provides high speed, low power, and high noise immunity. Typical power consumption is only 80 mW in active mode, and 100  $\mu$ W in standby mode.

### BLOCK DIAGRAM



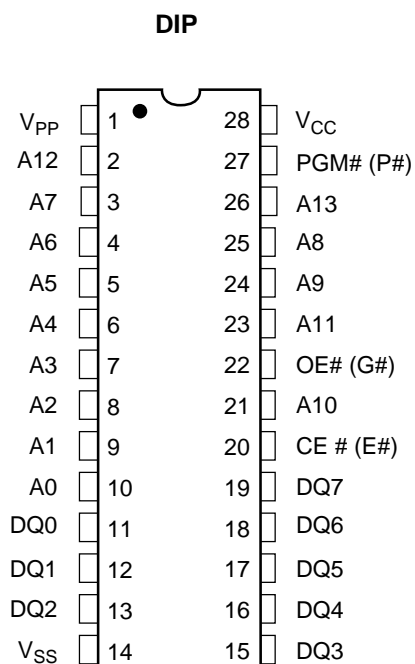
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## PRODUCT SELECTOR GUIDE

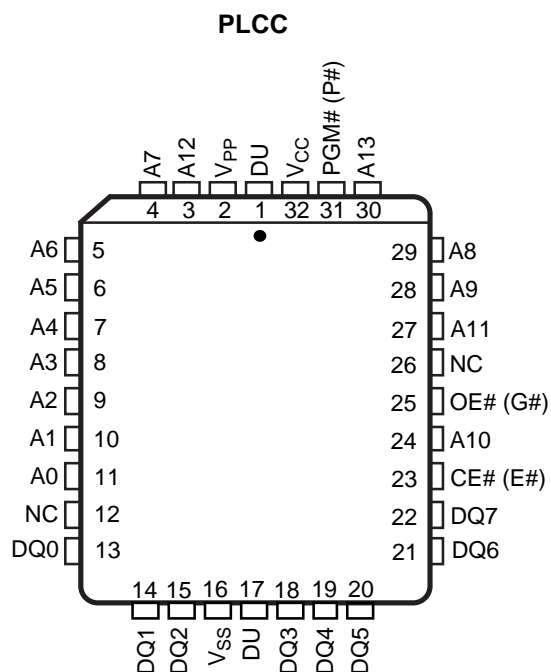
| Family Part Number   |                                  | Am27X128 |     |     |      |      |      |      |
|----------------------|----------------------------------|----------|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|
| Speed Options        | $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 5\%$  |          |     |     |      |      |      | -255 |
|                      | $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 10\%$ | -55      | -70 | -90 | -120 | -150 | -200 |      |
| Max Access Time (ns) |                                  | 55       | 70  | 90  | 120  | 150  | 200  | 250  |
| CE# (E#) Access (ns) |                                  | 55       | 70  | 90  | 120  | 150  | 200  | 250  |
| OE# (G#) Access (ns) |                                  | 35       | 40  | 40  | 50   | 50   | 50   | 50   |

## CONNECTION DIAGRAMS

### Top View



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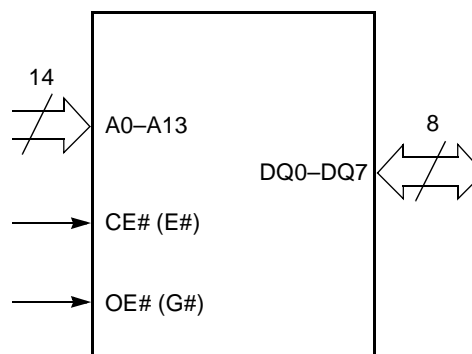
### Notes:

1. JEDEC nomenclature is in parenthesis.
2. Don't use (DU) for PLCC.

## PIN DESIGNATIONS

|           |                           |
|-----------|---------------------------|
| A0–A13    | = Address Inputs          |
| CE# (E#)  | = Chip Enable Input       |
| DQ0–DQ7   | = Data Input/Outputs      |
| OE# (G#)  | = Output Enable Input     |
| PGM# (P#) | = Program Enable Input    |
| $V_{CC}$  | = $V_{CC}$ Supply Voltage |
| $V_{PP}$  | = Program Voltage Input   |
| $V_{SS}$  | = Ground                  |
| NC        | = No Internal Connection  |

## LOGIC SYMBOL

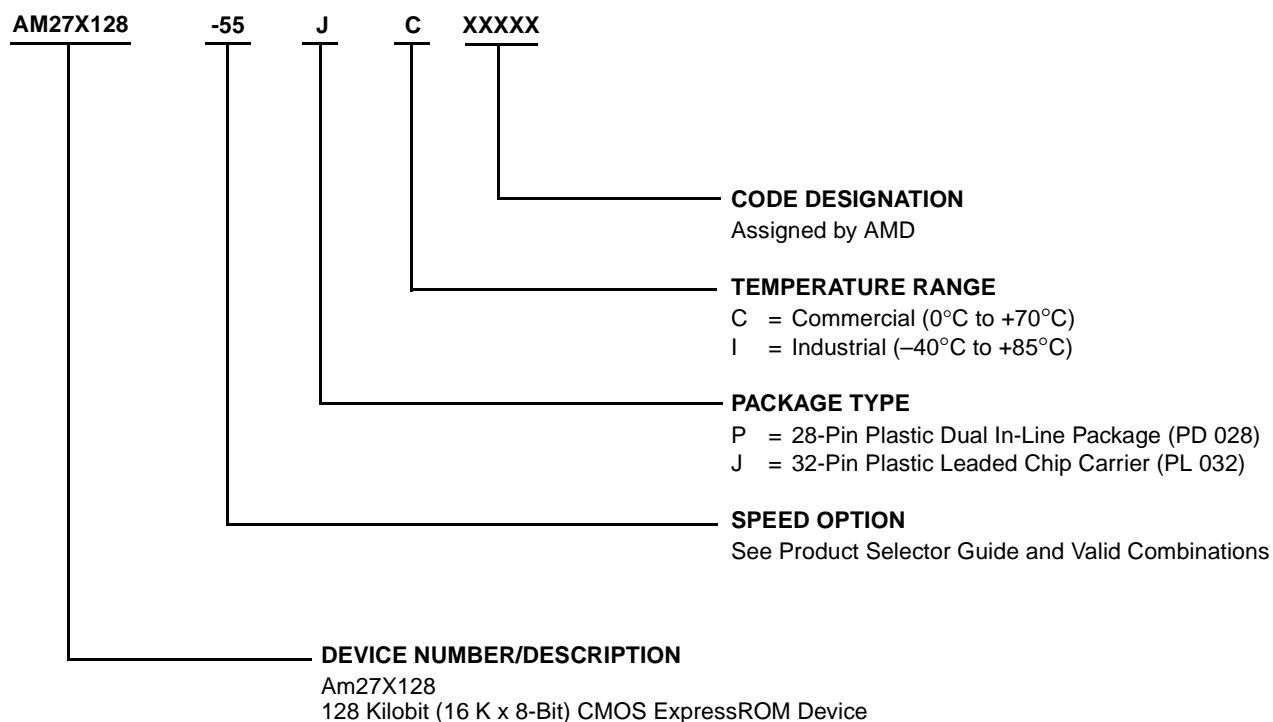


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## ORDERING INFORMATION

### Standard Products

AMD standard products are available in several packages and operating ranges. The order number (Valid Combination) is formed by a combination of the following:



| Valid Combinations                              |                |
|---|----------------|
| AM27X128-55                                     | PC, JC, PI, JI |
| AM27X128-70                                     |                |
| AM27X128-90                                     |                |
| AM27X128-120                                    |                |
| AM27X128-150                                    |                |
| AM27X128-200                                    |                |
| AM27X128-255<br>$V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V} \pm 5\%$ |                |

#### Valid Combinations

Valid Combinations list configurations planned to be supported in volume for this device. Consult the local AMD sales office to confirm availability of specific valid combinations and to check on newly released combinations.

## FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

### Read Mode

To obtain data at the device outputs, Chip Enable (CE#) and Output Enable (OE#) must be driven low. CE# controls the power to the device and is typically used to select the device. OE# enables the device to output data, independent of device selection. Addresses must be stable for at least  $t_{ACC}-t_{OE}$ . Refer to the Switching Waveforms section for the timing diagram.

### Standby Mode

The device enters the CMOS standby mode when CE# is at  $V_{CC} \pm 0.3$  V. Maximum  $V_{CC}$  current is reduced to 100  $\mu$ A. The device enters the TTL-standby mode when CE# is at  $V_{IH}$ . Maximum  $V_{CC}$  current is reduced to 1.0 mA. When in either standby mode, the device places its outputs in a high-impedance state, independent of the OE# input.

### Output OR-Tieing

To accommodate multiple memory connections, a two-line control function provides:

- Low memory power dissipation, and
- Assurance that output bus contention will not occur.

CE# should be decoded and used as the primary device-selecting function, while OE# be made a common connection to all devices in the array and connected to the READ line from the system control bus. This assures that all deselected memory devices are in their low-power standby mode and that the output pins are only active when data is desired from a particular memory device.

### System Applications

During the switch between active and standby conditions, transient current peaks are produced on the rising and falling edges of Chip Enable. The magnitude of these transient current peaks is dependent on the output capacitance loading of the device. At a minimum, a 0.1  $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor (high frequency, low inherent inductance) should be used on each device between  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{SS}$  to minimize transient effects. In addition, to overcome the voltage drop caused by the inductive effects of the printed circuit board traces on Express-ROM device arrays, a 4.7  $\mu$ F bulk electrolytic capacitor should be used between  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{SS}$  for each eight devices. The location of the capacitor should be close to where the power supply is connected to the array.

## MODE SELECT TABLE

| Mode           | CE#                | OE#      | PGM# | $V_{PP}$ | Outputs   |
|----------------|--------------------|----------|------|----------|-----------|
| Read           | $V_{IL}$           | $V_{IL}$ | X    | X        | $D_{OUT}$ |
| Output Disable | X                  | $V_{IH}$ | X    | X        | High Z    |
| Standby (TTL)  | $V_{IH}$           | X        | X    | X        | High Z    |
| Standby (CMOS) | $V_{CC} \pm 0.3$ V | X        | X    | X        | High Z    |

**Note:**

X = Either  $V_{IH}$  or  $V_{IL}$ .

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Storage Temperature  
 OTP Products. . . . .  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 Ambient Temperature  
 with Power Applied. . . . .  $-55^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 Voltage with Respect to  $V_{SS}$   
 All pins except  $V_{CC}$  . . . . .  $-0.6\text{ V}$  to  $V_{CC} + 0.6\text{ V}$   
 $V_{CC}$  (Note 1). . . . .  $-0.6\text{ V}$  to  $7.0\text{ V}$

### Note:

1. Minimum DC voltage on input or I/O pins  $-0.5\text{ V}$ . During voltage transitions, the input may overshoot  $V_{SS}$  to  $-2.0\text{ V}$  for periods of up to  $20\text{ ns}$ . Maximum DC voltage on input and I/O pins is  $V_{CC} + 5\text{ V}$ . During voltage transitions, input and I/O pins may overshoot to  $V_{CC} + 2.0\text{ V}$  for periods up to  $20\text{ ns}$ .

Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure of the device to absolute maximum ratings for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## OPERATING RANGES

### Commercial (C) Devices

Ambient Temperature ( $T_A$ ) . . . . .  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+70^{\circ}\text{C}$

### Industrial (I) Devices

Ambient Temperature ( $T_A$ ) . . . . .  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$

### Supply Read Voltages

$V_{CC}$  for  $\pm 5\%$  devices . . . . .  $+4.75\text{ V}$  to  $+5.25\text{ V}$   
 $V_{CC}$  for  $\pm 10\%$  devices . . . . .  $+4.50\text{ V}$  to  $+5.50\text{ V}$

Operating ranges define those limits between which the functionality of the device is guaranteed.

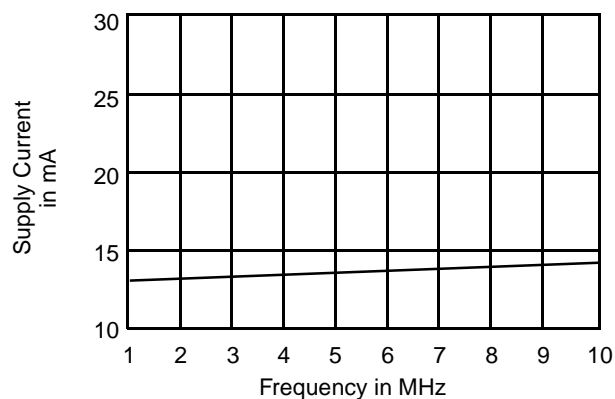
## DC CHARACTERISTICS over operating range (unless otherwise specified)

| Parameter Symbol | Parameter Description            | Test Conditions  | Min  | Max            | Unit    |
|------------------|----------------------------------|--|------|----------------|---------|
| $V_{OH}$         | Output HIGH Voltage              | $I_{OH} = -400 \mu A$  | 2.4  |                | V       |
| $V_{OL}$         | Output LOW Voltage               | $I_{OL} = 2.1 \text{ mA}$  |      | 0.45           | V       |
| $V_{IH}$         | Input HIGH Voltage               |  | 2.0  | $V_{CC} + 0.5$ | V       |
| $V_{IL}$         | Input LOW Voltage                |  | -0.5 | +0.8           | V       |
| $I_{LI}$         | Input Load Current               | $V_{IN} = 0 \text{ V to } V_{CC}$                                    |      | 1.0            | $\mu A$ |
| $I_{LO}$         | Output Leakage Current           | $V_{OUT} = 0 \text{ V to } V_{CC}$ C/I Devices                       |      | 1.0            | $\mu A$ |
| $I_{CC1}$        | $V_{CC}$ Active Current (Note 2) | $CE\# = V_{IL}$ , $f = 10 \text{ MHz}$ ,<br>$I_{OUT} = 0 \text{ mA}$ |      | 25             | mA      |
| $I_{CC2}$        | $V_{CC}$ TTL Standby Current     | $CE\# = V_{IH}$  |      | 1.0            | mA      |
| $I_{CC3}$        | $V_{CC}$ CMOS Standby Current    | $CE\# = V_{CC} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$                                    |      | 100            | $\mu A$ |

**Caution:** The device must not be removed from (or inserted into) a socket when  $V_{CC}$  or  $V_{PP}$  is applied.

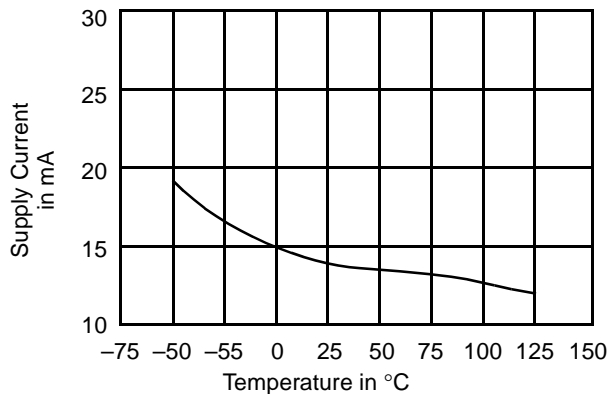
### Notes:

- $V_{CC}$  must be applied simultaneously or before  $V_{PP}$  and removed simultaneously or after  $V_{PP}$ .
- $I_{CC1}$  is tested with  $OE\# = V_{IH}$  to simulate open outputs.
- Minimum DC Input Voltage is -0.5 V. During transitions, the inputs may overshoot to -2.0 V for periods less than 20 ns. Maximum DC Voltage on output pins is  $V_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}$ , which may overshoot to  $V_{CC} + 2.0 \text{ V}$  for periods less than 20 ns.



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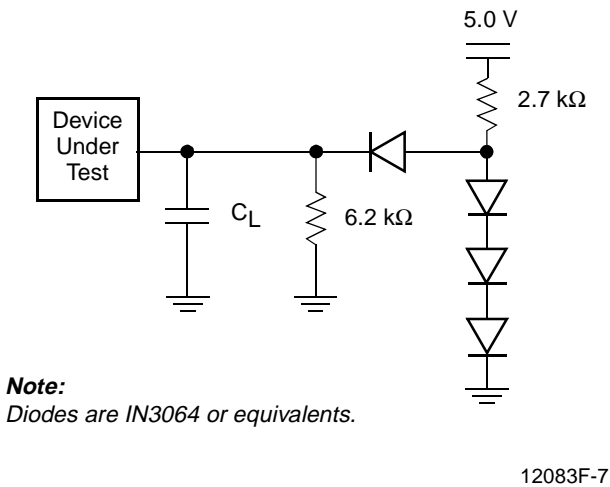
**Figure 1. Typical Supply Current vs. Frequency**  
 $V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $T = 25^\circ\text{C}$



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**Figure 2. Typical Supply Current vs. Temperature**  
 $V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $f = 10 \text{ MHz}$

TEST CONDITIONS



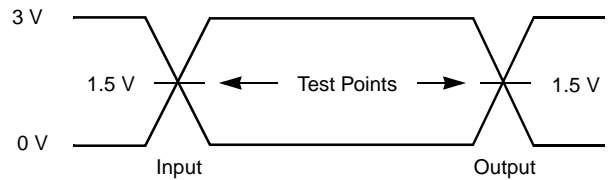
**Note:**  
Diodes are IN3064 or equivalents.

Figure 3. Test Setup

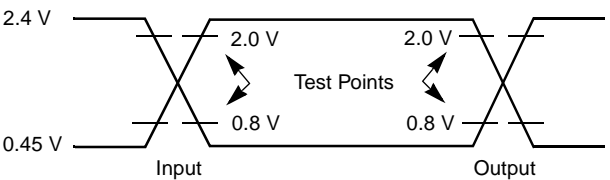
Table 1. Test Specifications

| Test Condition   | -55, -70   | All others | Unit |
|--|------------|------------|------|
| Output Load  | 1 TTL gate |            |      |
| Output Load Capacitance, $C_L$ (including jig capacitance) | 30         | 100        | pF   |
| Input Rise and Fall Times                                  | $\leq 20$  |            | ns   |
| Input Pulse Levels   | 0.0–3.0    | 0.45–2.4   | V    |
| Input timing measurement reference levels                  | 1.5        | 0.8, 2.0   | V    |
| Output timing measurement reference levels                 | 1.5        | 0.8, 2.0   | V    |

SWITCHING TEST WAVEFORM



**Note:** For  $C_L = 30$  pF.



**Note:** For  $C_L = 100$  pF.

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KEY TO SWITCHING WAVEFORMS

| WAVEFORM | INPUTS                           | OUTPUTS                                      |
|----------|----------------------------------|--|
|          | Steady                           |  |
|          | Changing from H to L             |  |
|          | Changing from L to H             |  |
|          | Don't Care, Any Change Permitted | Changing, State Unknown                      |
|          | Does Not Apply                   | Center Line is High Impedance State (High Z) |

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## AC CHARACTERISTICS

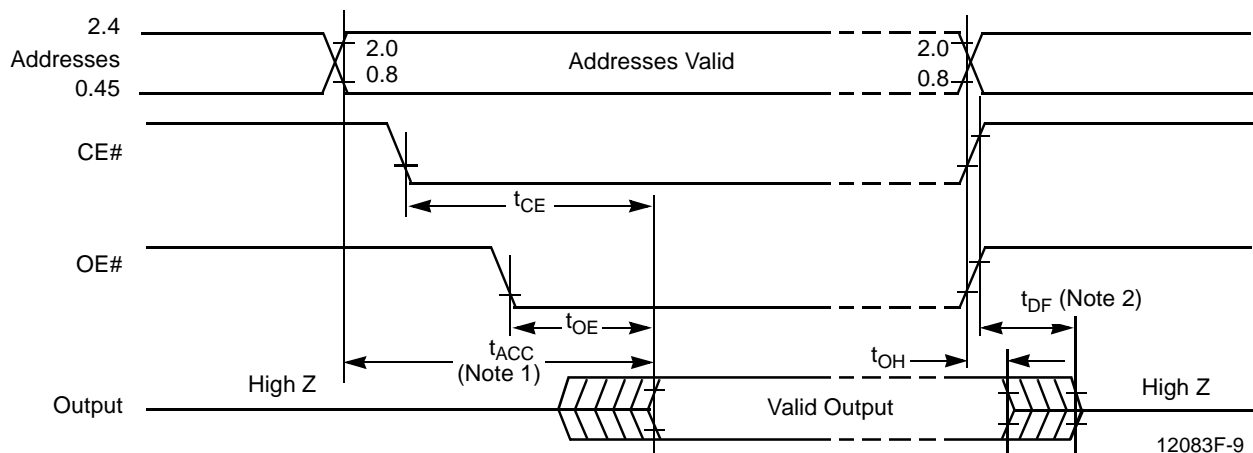
| Parameter Symbols                      |                             | Description   | Test Setup                 |     | Am27X128 |     |     |      |      |      |      | Unit |
|--|-----------------------------|---|----------------------------|-----|----------|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|
| JEDEC                                  | Standard                    |   |                            |     | -55      | -70 | -90 | -120 | -150 | -200 | -255 |      |
| t <sub>AVQV</sub>                      | t <sub>ACC</sub>            | Address to Output Delay   | CE#, OE# = V <sub>IL</sub> | Max | 55       | 70  | 90  | 120  | 150  | 200  | 250  | ns   |
| t <sub>ELQV</sub>                      | t <sub>CE</sub>             | Chip Enable to Output Delay   | OE# = V <sub>IL</sub>      | Max | 55       | 70  | 90  | 120  | 150  | 200  | 250  | ns   |
| t <sub>GLQV</sub>                      | t <sub>OE</sub>             | Output Enable to Output Delay   | CE# = V <sub>IL</sub>      | Max | 35       | 40  | 40  | 50   | 50   | 50   | 50   | ns   |
| t <sub>EHQZ</sub><br>t <sub>GHQZ</sub> | t <sub>DF</sub><br>(Note 2) | Chip Enable High or Output Enable High to Output High Z, Whichever Occurs First |                            | Max | 25       | 25  | 25  | 30   | 30   | 30   | 30   | ns   |
| t <sub>AXQX</sub>                      | t <sub>OH</sub>             | Output Hold Time from Addresses, CE# or OE#, Whichever Occurs First             |                            | Min | 0        | 0   | 0   | 0    | 0    | 0    | 0    | ns   |

**Caution:** Do not remove the device from (or insert it into) a socket or board that has  $V_{PP}$  or  $V_{CC}$  applied.

**Notes:**

- $V_{CC}$  must be applied simultaneously or before  $V_{PP}$  and removed simultaneously or after  $V_{PP}$
- This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.
- Switching characteristics are over operating range, unless otherwise specified.
- See Figure 3 and Table 1 for test specifications.

## SWITCHING WAVEFORMS



**Notes:**

- OE# may be delayed up to  $t_{ACC} - t_{OE}$  after the falling edge of the addresses without impact on  $t_{ACC}$ .
- $t_{DF}$  is specified from OE# or CE#, whichever occurs first.

## PACKAGE CAPACITANCE

| Parameter Symbol | Parameter Description | Test Conditions | PD 028 |     | PL 032 |     | Unit |
|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|--------|-----|--------|-----|------|
|                  |                       |                 | Typ    | Max | Typ    | Max |      |
| $C_{IN}$         | Input Capacitance     | $V_{IN} = 0$    | 5      | 10  | 10     | 12  | pF   |
| $C_{OUT}$        | Output Capacitance    | $V_{OUT} = 0$   | 8      | 10  | 11     | 14  | pF   |

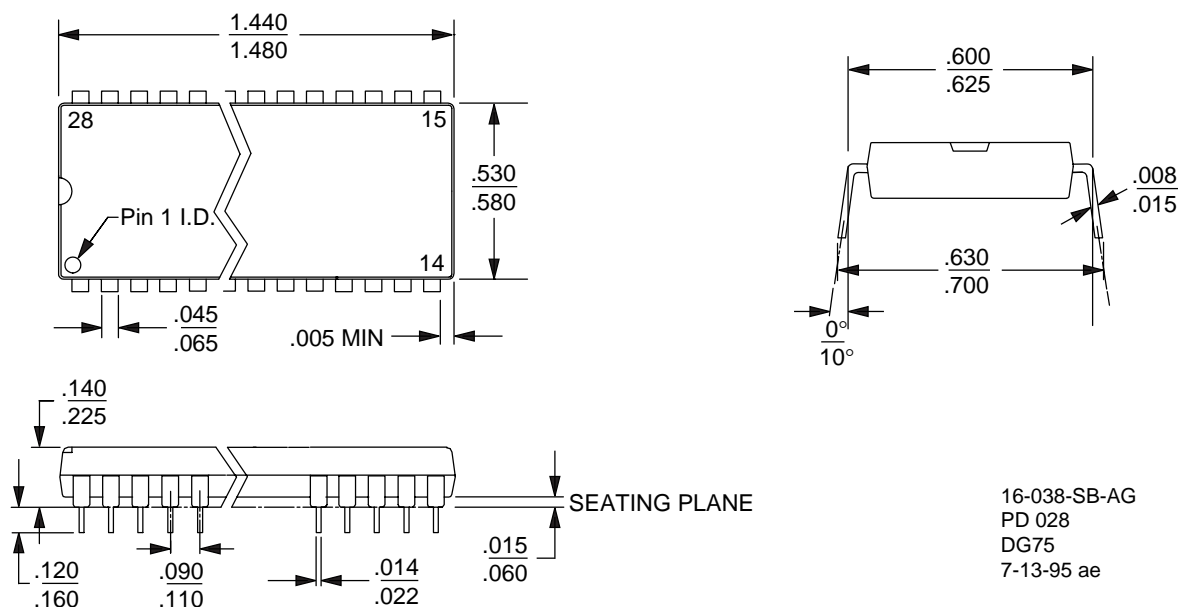
**Notes:**

- This parameter is only sampled and not 100% tested.
- $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ .

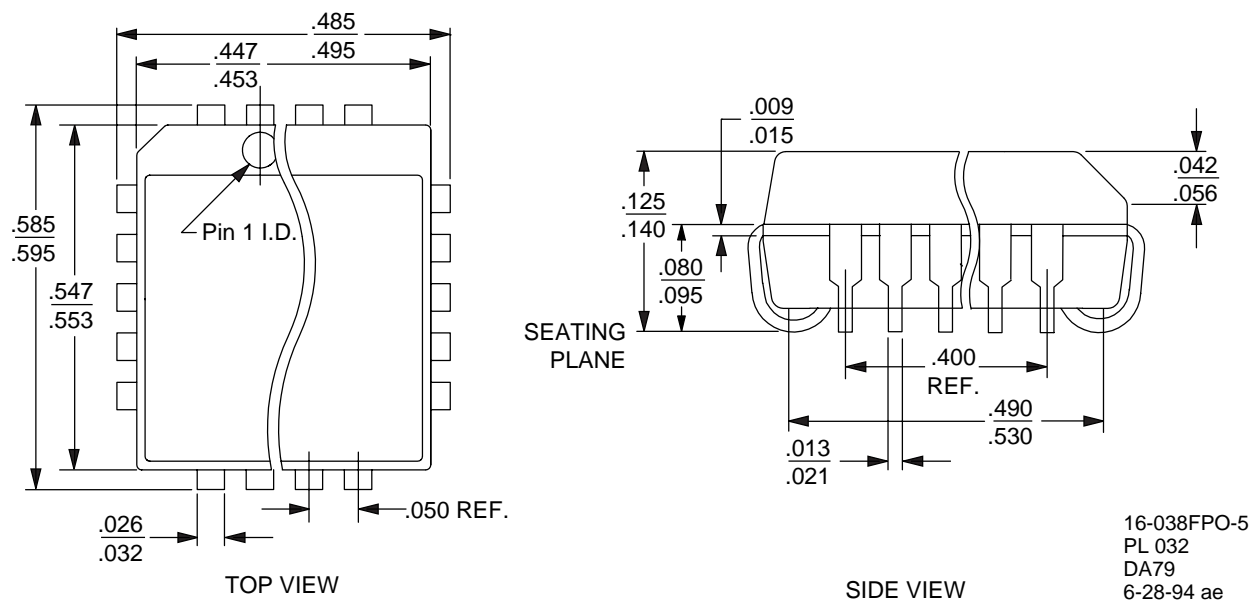


## PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS

### PD 028—28-Pin Plastic Dual In-Line Package (measured in inches)



### PL 032—32-Pin Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier (measured in inches)



**REVISION SUMMARY FOR AM27X128****Revision F****Global**

Changed formatting to match current data sheets.

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